Chapter 01: Patient Evaluation, Risk Assessment and the Diagnostic Process Little: Dental Management of the Medically Compromised Patient, 10th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

200/140 b. 180/140 b. 180/140 b. 180/110 c. 160/110 d. ANS: C Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, which is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition can be brought under control. 2. The American Heart Association currently recommends antibiotic prophylaxis for a patient with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Bheumatic heart disease Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb distribute certain drugs, including local anesthetics and eless efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations Itching Vomiting Letting d. d.	1.	Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, meaning that the blood pressure is greater than or equal to mm Hg.			
180/110 160/110 ANS: C Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, which is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition can be brought under control. 2. The American Heart Association currently recommends antibiotic prophylaxis for a patient with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Behamatic heart disease Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb distribute b. metabolize c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations t. b. Vomiting b. b.					
ANS: C Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, which is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition can be brought under control. 2. The American Heart Association currently recommends antibiotic prophylaxis for a patient with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Rheumatic heart disease Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb certain drugs, including local anesthetics and efficient metabolize excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting b.					
ANS: C Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, which is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition can be brought under control. 2. The American Heart Association currently recommends antibiotic prophylaxis for a patient with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Rheumatic heart disease Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb distribute b. metabolize c. c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations Liching Vomiting Local Ansistance and patients with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Liching Local Ansistance and patients with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Liching Local Ansistance and patients with allergy?					
Elective dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertension, which is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition can be brought under control. 2. The American Heart Association currently recommends antibiotic prophylaxis for a patient with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Becamakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb distribute b. metabolize c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations Iching Vomiting b. Vomiting b.		160/110	d.		
with which of the following cardiac conditions? Mitral valve prolapse Prosthetic heart valve Bheumatic heart disease Cc. Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting b.		ve dental care should be deferred for patients with severe, uncontrolled hypertents is blood pressure greater than or equal to 180/110 mm Hg, until the condition c			
Prosthetic heart valve Rheumatic heart disease Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb	2.				
Rheumatic heart disease c. Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias d. d. ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb		Mitral valve prolapse	a.		
Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb a. distribute b. metabolize c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting b.		Prosthetic heart valve	b.		
ANS: B Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb a. distribute b. metabolize c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting b.		Rheumatic heart disease	c.		
Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic prophylaxis for many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic heart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend antibiotic prophylaxis for most dental procedures. 3. One consequence of chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis of the liver is decreased ability of the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb		Pacemakers for cardiac arrhythmias	d.		
the body to certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. absorb a. distribute b. metabolize c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		Previously, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommended antibiotic proposal many patients with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve perheumatic heart disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, or guidelines omit this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evide murmur is due to certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, peart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommendation of the previous endocarditis, peart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommendation of the previous endocarditis, peart valve, complex congenital cyanotic heart disease).	with heart murmurs caused by valvular disease (e.g., mitral valve prolapse, rt disease) in an effort to prevent infective endocarditis; however, current it this recommendation on the basis of accumulated scientific evidence. If a eto certain specific cardiac conditions (e.g., previous endocarditis, prosthetic emplex congenital cyanotic heart disease), the AHA continues to recommend		
absorb distribute b. metabolize excrete c. excrete d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.	3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
distribute b. metabolize c. excrete c. d. ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a.		
excrete ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		distribute	b.		
ANS: C Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		metabolize	c.		
Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of certain drugs, including local anesthetics and analgesics. 4. Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy? Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		excrete	d.		
Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.		Patients also may have chronic hepatitis (B or C) or cirrhosis, with impairment of liver function. This deficit may result in prolonged bleeding and less efficient metabolism of			
Heart palpitations a. Itching b. Vomiting c.	4.	Which of the following symptoms and signs is most consistent with allergy?			
Itching b. Vomiting c.	-		a.		
Vomiting c.		A A			
		Fainting	d.		